Date of compilation: 06/02/2019 Page 1/11 In accordance with the requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29CFR 1910.1200



PRO COPPER CHROME

Code: EX014PR0103



Version: 1 Date of compilation: 06/02/2019 Date of printing: 07/02/2019

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: PRO COPPER CHROME Code: EX014PR0103

RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST: 1.2

Intended uses (main technical functions):

Jses advised against:

This product is not recommended for any use or sector of use industrial, professional or consume other than those previously listed as 'Intended or identified uses'.

Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use:

Nor restricted.

DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET: 1.3

MONTANA COLORS, S.L.

Pol. Ind. Plà de les Vives - c/An aïs Nin 6 - 08295 Sant Vicenç de Castellet (Barcelona) ESPAÑA

Phone: +34 93 8332760 - Fax: +34 93 8332761 - www.montanacolors.com

E-mail address of the person responsible for the safety data sheet:

e-mail: msds@montanacolors.com

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: +34 93 8332787 (9:00-17:00 h.) (working hours)

Call CHEMTREC Day or Night. Within USA and Canada:

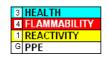
[\_] Industrial [X] Professional [X] Consumers

1-800-424-9300

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE ORMIXTURE:

**HMIS Hazard Ratings:** 



- (3) Serious chronical health hazard
- (4) Very high flammability hazard
- (1) Low physicochemical hazard
- (G) Safety glasses, gloves and vapor respirator

Note: HMIS Hazard Ratings involve data and interpretations that may vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identificacion of the magnitude of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of the material, all the information contained in this SDS must be considered.

zard classification of the chemical:

DANGER: Flam. Aerosol 1:H222+H229 | Skin Irrit. 2:H315 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 | STOT RE 2:H373i | EUH066

Danger class	Classification of the mixture	Cat.	Routes of exposure	Targetorgans	Effects
Physicochemical:   Human health:  Environment: Not classified	Flam. Aerosol 1:H222+H229 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 STOT RE 2:H373i EUH066	Cat.1 Cat.2 Cat.2 Cat.3 Cat.2	Skin Eyes Inhalation Inhalation Skin	- Skin Eyes Respiratory ways Systhemic Skin	- Irritation Irritation Irritation Damage Dryness, Cracking

Full text of hazard statements mentioned is indicated in section 16.

Note: When in section 3 a range of percentages is used, the health and environmental hazards describe the effects of the highest concentration of each component, but below the maximum value.

### 2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS



This product is labelled with the signal word DANGER in accordance with Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2017/776 (CLP)

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. H373i

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children. P102 P103 Read label before use.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P210

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P271-P260d Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe aerosol. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501a Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Supplementary statements:

None.

Substances that contribute to classification:

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

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2.3 OTHER HAZARDS:

Hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture: Other physicochemical hazards: Vapours may form with air a mixture potencially flammable or explosive.

Other adverse human health effects: Prolonged exposure to vapours may produce transient drowsiness.

Other negative environmental effects: No other adverse effects are known.

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

## SUBSTANCES

Not applicable (mixture).

#### 3.2 **MIXTURES:**

This product is a mixture.

Chemical description:

Aerosol.

## HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Substances taking part in a percentage higher than the exemption limit:

30 < 40 % CAS: 1330-20-7, EC: 215-535-7 **⟨७**⟨**\$**⟩⟨!⟩

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 | Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 | Acute Tox. (skin) 4:H312 | Skin Irrit. 2:H315 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 | STOT RE 2:H373i | Asp. Tox. 1:H304

15 < 20 %

<७>

**Butane** 

CAS: 106-97-8, EC: 203-448-7

Danger: Flam. Gas 1:H220 | Press. Gas:H280

10 < 15 % **⟨७⟩⟨**₺⟩

Copper powder (fine) > 9.1 mm2/mg CAS: 7440-50-8, EC: 231-159-6

Danger: Flam. Sol. 1:H228 | Aquatic Acute 1:H400 | Aquatic Chronic 3:H412

5 < 10 %

CAS: 67-64-1, EC: 200-662-2 **⟨७**⟩⟨!⟩

Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 | Eye Irrit. 2:H319 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 | EUH066

5 < 10 %

ǿ

CAS: 74-98-6, EC: 200-827-9

Danger: Flam. Gas 1:H220 | Press. Gas:H280

5 < 10 % Isobutane

ǿ

CAS: 75-28-5, EC: 200-857-2

Danger: Flam. Gas 1:H220 | Press. Gas:H280

## Impurities:

Does not contain other components of impurities which will influence the classification of the profuct.

## Stabilizers:

None

## Reference to other sections:

For more information on hazardous ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

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## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

### **DESCRIPTION OF FIRST-AID MEASURES:** 4.1



Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Lifeguarders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective equipment if there is a possibility of exposure. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid.

Route of exposure	Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measures
Inhalation:	Inhalation of solvent vapours may produce headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness. Inhalation produces irritation to mucus, coughing and breathlessness.	Remove the patient out of the contaminated area into the fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stops, administer artificial respiration. If the person is unconscious, place in appropriate recovery position. Keep the patient warm and at rest until medical attention arrives.
Skin:	Skin contact causes redness. In case of prolonged contact, the skin may become dry.	Remove immediately contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
Eyes:	Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain.	Remove contact lenses. Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, until the irritation is reduced. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat, abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show container or label. Do not induce vomiting. Keep the patient at rest.

### 4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED:

The main symptoms and effects are indicated in sections 4.1 and 11

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

Notes to physician: Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Antidotes and contraindications: Specific antidote not known.

## **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1 **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

Extinguishing powder or CO2. In the case of more important fires, also alcohol resistant foam and water spray/mist. Do not use for extinguishing: direct water jet. Direct water jet may not be effective to extinguish the fire, since the fire may spread.

### SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE: 5.2

Fire can produce a dense black smoke. As consequence of combustion or thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Harmful. Irritant. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products may be a hazard to health.



ANSI/NFPA 704: Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Reactivity: 0 Special key: -

### 5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

Special protective equipment: Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or not used, combat fire from a sheltered position or at a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. Other recommendations: Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid dire a contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opossition to the wind direction.

### 6.2 **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:**

Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP: 6.3

Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc..). Avoid use of solvents. Keep the remains in a closed container.

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## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work.

General recommendations:

Avoid any type of leakage or escape.

Recommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks:

Pressurised container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Do not smoke.

- Flash point : -80\* °C
- Autoignition temperature : 444\* °C

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : 1.8\* - 9.0 % Volume 25°C

Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks:

Do not eat, drink or smoke in application and drying areas. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. Avoid applying the product directly to people, animals, plants or foodstuffs. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination:

It is not considered a danger to the environment. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.

## 7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Prevent unauthorized access. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Avoid extreme humidity conditions. For more information, see section 10.

Class of store : According to current legislation.

Maximum storage period : 24. months

Temperature interval : min: 5. °C, max: 50. °C (recommended).

Incompatible materials:

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Type of packaging:

According to current legislation.

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## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## 8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS:

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assessing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

## OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (TLV)

AGCIH 2017	<u>Year</u>	TLV-TWA	mg/m3	TLV-STEL ppm	mg/m3	Remarks
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	1996	100.	434.	150.	651.	A4 ,BEI
Butane	2012	1000.	-	-	-	
Copper powder (fine) > 9.1 mm2/mg	1990	-	1.0	-	-	Powder and mist
Acetone	2014	250.	594.	500.	1188.	A4 ,BEI
Propane	2004	1000.	-	-	-	
Isobutane	2012	1000.	-	-	-	

TLV - Threshold Limit Value, TWA - Time Weighted Average, STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

A4 - Non classified as carcinogenic in humans.

BEI - Biological exposure index (biological monitoring).

## **BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE INDICES (BEI):**

This preparation contains the following substances that have established a biological limit value:

- Xylenes (technical or commercial grade) (2011): Biological determinant: methylhippuric acids in urine, BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, Sampling time: end of shift (2).
- Ácetone (2014): Biological determinant: acetone in urine, BEI: 25 mg/l, Sampling time: end of shift (2), Notation: (Ns).
- (2) When the end of the exposition not coincide with the end of the working day, the sample will be taken as soon as possible after the real exposition ceases.

(Ns) Non-specific. The determinant is non-specific, since it is also observed after exposure to other chemicals.

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### 8.2 **EXPOSURE CONTROLS:**

## **ENGINEERING MEASURES:**





Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and vapours below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protection of respiratory system: Avoid the inhalation of vapours.

Protection of eyes and face: It is recommended to dispose of water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.

Protection of hands and skin. It is recommended to dispose of water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin. Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

## OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding EC marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, etc..), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.

71	5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7,
Mask:	Suitable combined filter mask for gases, vapours and particles (OSHA 29CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2). Classe 1: low capacity up to 1000 ppm, Classe 2: medium capacity up to 5000 ppm, Classe 3: high capacity up to 10000 ppm. In order to obtain a suitable protection level, the filter class must be selected depending on the type and concentration of the contaminating agents present, in accordance with the specifications supplied by the filter producers. The respiratory equipment with filters does not work satisfactorily when the air contains high concentrations of vapour or oxygen content less than 18% in volume.
Goggles:	Safety goggles with suitable lateral protection (OSHA 29CFR 1910.133). Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.
Face shield:	No.
Gloves:	Gloves resistant against chemicals (OSHA 29CFR 1910.132). There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard OSHA 29CFR 1910.132. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, we must have in mind the manual of instructions from manufacturers of gloves. Use the proper technique of removing gloves (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid contact of the product with the skin. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation is noted.
Boots:	No.
Apron:	No.
Clothing:	Advisable.
	•

## Thermal hazards:

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

## **ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:**

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

Spills on the soil: Prevent contamination of soil.

Spills in water: Toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects on the aquatic environment. Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses.

Emissions to the atmosphere: Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. When possible, avoid solvent release to the atmosphere; do not pulverize more than is strictly necessary.

695.5 g/l (-H2O-es) VOC **ASTM D-3960** 

Relative water



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## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Appearance Physical state

Colour Odour

Odour threshold

pH-value

· pH

Change of state

- Melting point Initial boiling point

Density

Vapour density Relative density

Stability

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity:

· Viscosity (flow time)

Volatility:

 Evaporation rate Vapour pressure Solubility(ies)

Solubility in water: Liposolubility

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Flammability:

Flash point Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Autoignition temperature

Explosive properties Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source.

Oxidizing properties

Not classified as oxidizing product.

\*Estimated values based on the substances composing the mixture.

9.2 OTHER INFORMATION:

9365\* Kcal/kg Heat of combustion Solids 20.7 % Weight % Weight - VOC (supply) 79.3

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the technical data sheet of the same. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12.

Aerosol.

Cupper.

Characteristic Not available (mixture).

Not applicable

Not available

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not available

Not miscible

Not applicable

Not applicable (mixture).

Not applicable (non-aqueous media).

0.809\* at 20/4°C

-80\* °C 1.8\*- 9.0 % Volume 25°C 444\* °C

Not available (technical impossibility to obtain the data).

Not applicable (mixture).

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 REACTIVITY:

Corrosivity to metals: It is not corrosive to metals. Pyrophorical properties: It is not pyrophoric.

10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

Possible dangerous reaction with water, oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis, amines, peroxides.

10.4 **CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** 

Heat: Keep away from sources of heat.

Light: Avoid direct contact with sunlight.

Air: The product is not affected by exposure to air, but should not be left the containers open.

Humidity: Avoid extreme humidity conditions.

Pressure: Not relevant.

Shock: The product is not sensitive to shocks, but as a recommendation of a general nature should be avoided bumps and rough handling to avoid dents and breakage of packaging, especially when the product is handled in large quantities, and during loading and download operations.

10.5 **INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** 

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: 10.6

As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide.



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## **SECTION 11: TOXIC OLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available. The toxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Globally Harmonized System (GHS) and Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2017/776 (CLP).

## 11.1 INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

## **ACUTE TOXICITY:**

Dose and lethal concentrations	LD50 (OECD 401)	LD50 (OECD 402)	LC50 (OECD 403)
for individual ingredients :	mg/kg oral	mg/kg cutaneous	mg/m3.4h inhalation
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	4300. Rat	1700. Rabbit	> 22080. Rat
Butane			> 100000 Rat
Copper powder (fine) > 9.1 mm2/mg	2500. Rat	> 2000. Rat	> 1030. Rat
Acetone	5800. Rat	15800. Rabbit	> 76000. Rat

No observed adverse effect level

Not available

Lowest observed adverse effect level

Not available

## | INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EX POS URE : Acute toxicity:

Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Inhalation: Not classified	ATE > 20000 mg/m3	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS 3.1.3.6.
Skin: Not classified	ATE > 2000 mg/kg	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS 3.1.3.6.
Eyes: Not classified	Not available	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).	GHS 1.2.5.
Ingestion: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/kg	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS 3.1.3.6.

GHS 3.1.3.6: Classification of mixtures based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

## CORROSION/IRRITATION/SENSITISATION:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Respiratory corrosion/irritation:	Respiratory ways	Cat.3	IRRITANT: May cause respiratory irritation.	GHS 1.2.6. 3.8.3.4.
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Skin	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes skin irritation.	GHS 3.2.3.3.
Gerious eye damage/irritation:	Eyes	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes serious eye irritation.	GHS 3.3.3.3.
Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS 3.4.3.3.
Skin sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).	GHS 3.4.3.3.

GHS 3.2.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

GHS 3.3.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

GHS/CLP 3.4.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components. GHS 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

## ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Aspiration hazard: Not classified	-	-	Not applicable.	GHS 3.10.3.3.

GHS 3.10.3.3: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.



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SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):					
Effects	SE/RE	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed	Criteria
Systemic:	RE	Systhemic	Cat.2	HARMFUL: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.	GHS 3.8.3.4.
Respiratory:	SE	Respiratory ways	Cat.3	IRRITANT: May cause respiratory irritation.	GHS 3.8.3.4.
Cutaneous:	RE	Skin	-	DEFATTENING: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	GHS 1.2.4.

GHS 3.8.3.4: Classification of the mixture when data are available for all components or only for some components.

## **CMR EFFECTS:**

Carcinogenic effects: Is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Genotoxicity: Is not considered as a mutagenic product.

Toxicity for reproduction: Do not harm fertility. Do not harm the fetus developping.

Effects via lactation: Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

## DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE:

Routes of exposure: May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

Short-term exposure: Harmful by inhalation. Harmful in contact with skin. Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Irritating to skin. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat; other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours.

Long-term or repeated exposure: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

## **INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:**

Not available.

## INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINE TICS, METABOLISMAND DISTRIBUTION:

<u>Dermal absorption:</u> Not available. <u>Basic toxicokinetics:</u> Not available.

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available. The ecotoxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Globally Harmonized System (GHS) and Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008~2017/776 (CLP).

### 12.1 **TOXICITY**:

Acute toxicity in aquatic environment	LC50 (OECD 203)	EC50 (OECD 202)	EC50 (OECD 201)
for individual ingredients:	mg/l-96hours	mg/l-48hours	mg/l-72hours
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	14. Fishes	16. Daphnia	> 10. Algae
Copper powder (fine) > 9.1 mm2/mg	0.81 Fishes	0.79 Daphnia	0.15 Algae
Acetone	5540. Fishes	12100. Daphnia	

## No observed effect concentration

Not available

Lowest observed effect concentration

Not available

### PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: 12.2

Not available.

<u>Aerobic biodegradation</u>	<u>DQO</u>	%DBO/DQO	<u>Biodegradability</u>
for individual ingredients :	mgO2/g	5 days 14 days 28 days	
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	2620.	~ 52. ~ 81. ~ 88.	Easy
Butane	3577.		Easy
Copper powder (fine) > 9.1 mm2/mg		0.	Not available
Acetone	1920.	~ 91.	Easy
Propane	3629.		Easy
Isobutane	3577.		Not available

Note: Biodegradability data correspond to an average of data from various bibliographic sources.

### **BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:** 12.3

May bioaccumulate.

Bioaccumulation for individual ingredients :	log Pow	BCF L/kg	<u>Potential</u>
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	3.16	57. (calculated)	Not available
Butane			Not available
Acetone	-0.240	3.2 (calculated)	Not available
Propane	2.36		Not available
Isobutane			Not available



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### MOBILITY IN SOIL: 12.4

Not available.

Potential Mobility log Koc Constante de Henry for individual ingredients: Pa-m3/mol 20°C 660. (calculated) Xylene (mixture of isomers) 2.25 Not available Not available Butane 0.990 Acetone 3.0 (calculated) Not available Not available Propane 2.60 Isobutane Not available

#### 12.6 **OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS:**

Ozone depletion potential: Not available.

Photochemical ozone creation potential: Not available.

Earth global warming potential: In case of fire or incineration liberates CO2.

Endocrine disrupting potential: Not available.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS:

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose of at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed of in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

## Disposal of empty containers

Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed of in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself. Ensure the container is completely empty before throwing it away.

Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

In accordance with local regulations. Do not incinerarate closed containers.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### 14.1 UN NUMBER: 1950

### 14.2 UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

AEROSOLS

### TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES) AND PACKING GROUP: 14.3

## 14.4

<u>Transport by road (ADR 2017) and</u> <u>Transport by rail (RID 2017):</u>

Class: 2 Packaging group: Classification code: 5F Tunnel restriction code: (D)

Transport category: 2, max. ADR 1.1.3.6. 333 L Limited quantities: 1 L (see total exemptions ADR 3.4)

Transport document: Consignment paper.

- Instructions in writing: ADR 5.4.3.4

## Transport by sea (IMDG 38-16):

2 (Division 2.1)

Packaging group: Emergency Sheet (EmS):

F-D,S-U

First Aid Guide (MFAG): 620 - Marine pollutant: No.

- Transport document: Shipping Bill of lading.

# Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2017):

2 (Division 2.1) - Packaging group: Transport document: Air Bill of lading.

# Transport by inland waterways (ADN):

Not available.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: 14.5

Not applicable (not classified as hazardous for the environment).

### 14.6 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER:

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

### TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO ANNEX II OF MARPOL 73/78 AND THE IBC CODE: 14.7

Not applicable.



PRO COPPER CHROME Code: EX014PR0103



## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC: 15.1

In accordance with the requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29CFR 1910.1200

The regulations applicable to this product generally are listed throughout this material safety data sheet.

## **USA REGULATIONS:**

## Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA):

This product is considered to be hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

## Clean Air Act

· 112(r) Hazardous air pollutants (HAP) (40CFR 68):

Butane: Threshold quantity (TQ): 10000 lbs. Propane: Threshold quantity (TQ): 10000 lbs. Isobutane: Threshold quantity (TQ): 10000 lbs.

The TQ applies to the quantity of substance in an release process, not at the facility as a whole.

## · Clean Water Act :

307 Hazardous water priority pollutants (HWPP):

Copper powder (fine) > 9.1 mm2/mg

## Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA):

This product contains the following Hazardous Substances for Emergency release notification (40CFR 302):

Xylene (mixture of isomers): Reportable quantity (RQ): 100 lbs.

Copper powder (fine) > 9.1 mm2/mg: Reportable quantity (RQ): 5000 lbs.

Acetone: Reportable quantity (RQ): 5000 lbs.

Releases of CERCLA hazardous substances, in quantities equal to or greater than their reportable quantity (RQ), are subject to reporting to the National Response Center under CERCLA. Such releases are also subject to state and local reporting under section 304 of Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA), also known as SARA Title III.

## Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA Title III):

- 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS) for Emergency release notification (40CFR 355): No.
- 313 Reportable Ingredients (40CFR 372):

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Copper powder (fine) > 9.1 mm2/mg

311/312 Hazard Categories (40CFR 370): Yes.

## · Toxic Substance Control Act (TS CA):

All chemical substances in this product comply with all applicable rules or order under TSCA.

## Califormia Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986):

This product does not contain chemical substances known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

## OTHER REGULATIONS:

## Other local legislations:

The receiver should verify the possible existence of local regulations applicable to the chemical.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## TEXT OF THE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3:

## Hazard statements according the GHS Regulation

H220 Extremely flammable gas. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H228 Flammable solid. H280 Contains gas under pressure: may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H373i May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

## ADVICES ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS:

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of material safety data sheets and labelling of products as well.

## MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:

- · European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/
- Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/
- · Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2016).
- European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2017). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 38-16 (IMO, 2016).

List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this material safety data sheet:

## SAFETY DATA SHEET REGULATIONS:

Safety Data Sheet in accordance with the requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29CFR 1910.1200.

**HISTORY**: Date of compilation: Version: 1 06/02/2019

The information of this Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users' working conditions are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product's properties.