

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

- 1.1 GHS Product identifier:** EX014PR0954 - MTN PRO Grey filler primer
- 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:**  
Relevant uses: Spray paint. For professional user only.  
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:**  
MONTANA COLORS, S.L.  
Pol. Ind. Pla de les Vives C/ Anaïs Nin 6  
08295 Sant Vicenç de Castellet - Barcelona - España  
Phone.: +34 938332760 (9:00- 16:00h GMT +1:00)  
msds@montanacolors.com  
<https://www.montanacolors.com>
- 1.4 Emergency phone number:** Call CHEMTREC Day or Night. Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300.

## SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

#### NFPA:

Health Hazards: 3  
Flammability Hazards: 4  
Instability Hazards: 0  
Special Hazards: Non-applicable

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.

Aerosol 1: Flammable aerosols, Category 1, H222

Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351

Expl. 1.6: Explosives, Category 1.6

Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319

Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity if swallowed, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

### 2.2 Label elements:

#### NFPA:



#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

#### Danger



#### Hazard statements:

Aerosol 1: H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Repr. 2: H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Precautionary statements:

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## SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking  
 P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source  
 P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use  
 P260: Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray  
 P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area  
 P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection  
 P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing  
 P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
 P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention  
 P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F  
 P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively

### Substances that contribute to the classification

N-butyl acetate; Xylene; Toluene; Ethyl acetate

### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Non-applicable

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1 Substances:



















Non-applicable

### 3.2 Mixtures:

**Chemical description:** Aerosol

### Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 115-10-6	<b>dimethyl ether</b> Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger	 25 - <50 %
CAS: 123-86-4	<b>N-butyl acetate</b> Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	  10 - <25 %
CAS: 1330-20-7	<b>Xylene</b> Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	   2,5 - <10 %
CAS: 108-88-3	<b>Toluene</b> Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Repr. 2: H361; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	   2,5 - <10 %
CAS: 141-78-6	<b>Ethyl acetate</b> Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	  2,5 - <10 %
CAS: 1333-86-4	<b>Carbon black</b> Carc. 2: H351 - Warning	 2,5 - <10 %
CAS: 13463-67-7	<b>Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm)</b> Carc. 2: H351 - Warning	 1 - <2,5 %
CAS: 100-41-4	<b>Ethylbenzene</b> Acute Tox. 4: H332; Acute Tox. 5: H303; Carc. 2: H351; Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Danger	   1 - <2,5 %
CAS: 67-63-0	<b>propan-2-ol</b> Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	  1 - <2,5 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

## SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

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#### SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES (continued)

**By inhalation:**

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

**By skin contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

**By eye contact:**

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

**By ingestion/aspiration:**

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

**4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:**

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

**4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:**

Non-applicable

#### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:**

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO<sub>2</sub>). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

**5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:**

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

**5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:**

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

**Additional provisions:**

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertization agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:**

The characteristic of reactivity per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material. The EPA hazardous waste number D003 could apply. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing.

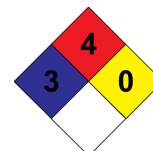
**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

**6.4 Reference to other sections:**

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**SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)**

See sections 8 and 13.

**SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:**

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Avoid the evaporation of the product as it contains flammable substances, which could form flammable vapour/air mixtures in the presence of sources of ignition. Control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and transfer at slow speeds to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Avoid splashes and pulverizations. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD NOT BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. Transfer in fixed places that comply with the necessary security conditions (emergency showers and eyewash stations in close proximity), using personal protection equipment, especially on the hands and face (See section 8). Limit manual transfers to containers of small amounts. Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 41 °F  
Maximum Temp.: 86 °F  
Maximum time: 120 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

**7.3 Specific end use(s):**

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

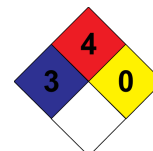
**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**8.1 Control parameters:**

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	8-hour TWA PEL	150 ppm	710 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	8-hour TWA PEL	400 ppm	1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	8-hour TWA PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Carbon black	8-hour TWA PEL		3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**


Identification	Occupational exposure limits	
CAS: 1333-86-4	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL	
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm)	8-hour TWA PEL	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 13463-67-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL	

**8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:**


**A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

Always provide effective general and, when necessary, local exhaust ventilation to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limits.. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

**B.- Respiratory protection**


Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	Replace when an increase in resistance to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR).

**C.- Specific protection for the hands**



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application

**D.- Ocular and facial protection**

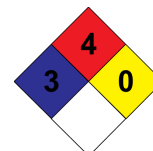
Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

**E.- Bodily protection**



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

**F.- Additional emergency measures**

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**SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)**

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

**Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

**National volatile organic compound emission standards (40 CFR Part 59):**

- V.O.C. (Subpart C - Consumer): 81.63 % weight
- V.O.C. (Coatings) at 68 °F: 703.69 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (703.69 g/L)

**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:**

For complete information see the product datasheet.

**Appearance:**

- Physical state at 68 °F: Aerosol
- Appearance: Not available
- Color:  Grey
- Odor: Not available
- Odour threshold: Non-applicable \*

**Volatility:**

- Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: -13 °F (Propellant)
- Vapour pressure at 68 °F: Non-applicable \*
- Vapour pressure at 122 °F: <300000 Pa (300 kPa)
- Evaporation rate at 68 °F: Non-applicable \*

**Product description:**

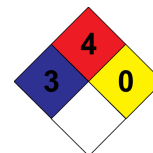
- Density at 68 °F: 862 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- Relative density at 68 °F: Non-applicable \*
- Dynamic viscosity at 68 °F: Non-applicable \*
- Kinematic viscosity at 68 °F: Non-applicable \*
- Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F: Non-applicable \*
- Concentration: Non-applicable \*
- pH: Non-applicable \*
- Vapour density at 68 °F: Non-applicable \*
- Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F: Non-applicable \*
- Solubility in water at 68 °F: Non-applicable \*
- Solubility properties: Non-applicable \*
- Decomposition temperature: Non-applicable \*
- Melting point/freezing point: Non-applicable \*
- Recipient pressure: Non-applicable \*
- Explosive properties: Non-applicable \*
- Oxidising properties: Non-applicable \*

**Flammability:**

- Flash Point: -42 °F (Propellant)

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	464 °F (Propellant)
Lower flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
<b>Explosive:</b>	
Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *

### 9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. With possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health, it is recommended not to breathe the vapours for long periods of time.

#### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

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**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Exposure to this product can cause cancer. For more specific information on the possible health effects see section 2.  
IARC: Xylene (3); Toluene (3); Ethylbenzene (2B); propan-2-ol (3); Talc (3); Carbon black (2B); Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ ) (2B)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:
 

Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:
 

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

**Other information:**

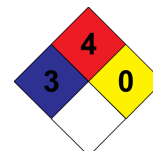
CAS 13463-67-7 Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$ ): The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures in powder form containing 1 % or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq 10 \mu\text{m}$

**Specific toxicology information on the substances:**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	LD50 oral	5580 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	12124 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	28.1 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	LD50 oral	4100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	20000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	17.2 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

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**SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	5280 mg/kg	12800 mg/kg	Rat
	72.6 mg/L (4 h)		Rat
Carbon black CAS: 1333-86-4	>5000 mg/kg	>5000 mg/kg	
	>5 mg/L (4 h)		
Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) CAS: 13463-67-7	10000 mg/kg	10000 mg/kg	Rat
	>5 mg/L (4 h)		Rabbit
dimethyl ether CAS: 115-10-6	>5000 mg/kg	>5000 mg/kg	
	308.5 mg/L (4 h)		Rat

**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

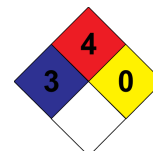
**12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
	LC50	EC50		
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	62 mg/L (96 h)	73 mg/L (24 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
	675 mg/L (72 h)		Daphnia magna	Crustacean
			Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	10 mg/L (72 h)		Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
			Skeletonema costatum	Algae
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	13 mg/L (96 h)	11.5 mg/L (48 h)	Carassius auratus	Fish
	125 mg/L (48 h)		Daphnia magna	Crustacean
			Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	230 mg/L (96 h)	717 mg/L (48 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	3300 mg/L (48 h)		Daphnia magna	Crustacean
			Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Carbon black CAS: 1333-86-4	1000 mg/L (96 h)	5600 mg/L (24 h)	Brachydanio rerio	Fish
	Non-applicable		Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	42.3 mg/L (96 h)	75 mg/L (48 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	63 mg/L (3 h)		Daphnia magna	Crustacean
			Chlorella vulgaris	Algae
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	9640 mg/L (96 h)	13299 mg/L (48 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	1000 mg/L (72 h)		Daphnia magna	Crustacean
			Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

**12.2 Persistence and degradability:**

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
	BOD5	COD	Concentration	Period
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
			Period	5 days
	0.79		% Biodegradable	84 %
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
			Period	28 days
	Non-applicable		% Biodegradable	88 %
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	2.5 g O2/g	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
			Period	14 days
	Non-applicable		% Biodegradable	100 %

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**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
	Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	BOD5	1.36 g O2/g	Concentration
COD		1.69 g O2/g	Period	14 days
BOD5/COD		0.81	% Biodegradable	83 %
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	90 %
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	BOD5	1.19 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	2.23 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.53	% Biodegradable	86 %

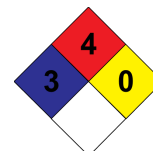
**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:**

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
	N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	BCF
Pow Log		1.78
Potential		Low
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	BCF	13
	Pow Log	2.73
	Potential	Low
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	BCF	30
	Pow Log	0.73
	Potential	Moderate
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	BCF	1
	Pow Log	3.15
	Potential	Low
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.05
	Potential	Low

**12.4 Mobility in soil:**

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
	dimethyl ether CAS: 115-10-6	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry
Conclusion		Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
Surface tension		1.136E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.478E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	Koc	202	Henry	524.86 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	Koc	178	Henry	672.8 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.793E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	Koc	59	Henry	13.58 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.324E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4	Koc	520	Henry	798.44 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.859E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	Koc	1.5	Henry	8.207E-1 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.24E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes

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**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)**

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:**

Non-applicable

**12.6 Other adverse effects:**

Not described

**SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**13.1 Disposal methods:**

**Waste management (disposal and evaluation):**

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See epigraph 6.2.

**Regulations related to waste management:**

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Part 261- IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**Transport of dangerous goods by land:**

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1950
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** AEROSOLS, flammable
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 2  
Labels: 2.1
- 14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** N/A
- 14.5 Marine pollutant:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

**Transport of dangerous goods by sea:**

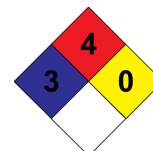
With regard to IMDG 39-18:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1950
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** AEROSOLS, flammable
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 2  
Labels: 2.1
- 14.4 Packing group, if applicable:** N/A
- 14.5 Marine pollutant:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises**  
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):** Non-applicable

**Transport of dangerous goods by air:**

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2020:



**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)**



<b>14.1 UN number:</b>	UN1950
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name:</b>	AEROSOLS, flammable
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es):</b>	2
Labels:	2.1
<b>14.4 Packing group, if applicable:</b>	N/A
<b>14.5 Marine pollutant:</b>	No
<b>14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises</b>	
Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
<b>14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):</b>	Non-applicable

**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:**

SARA Title III - Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Reporting (Section 313): Xylene ; Toluene ; Ethylbenzene ; propan-2-ol  
 California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): Toluene ; Carbon black ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) ; Ethylbenzene  
 The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) : dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Toluene ; Ethyl acetate ; Carbon black ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) ; Ethylbenzene ; propan-2-ol  
 Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Toluene ; Ethyl acetate ; Ethylbenzene ; propan-2-ol  
 New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Toluene ; Ethyl acetate ; Carbon black ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) ; Ethylbenzene ; propan-2-ol  
 New York RTK - Substance list: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Toluene ; Ethyl acetate ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) ; Ethylbenzene ; propan-2-ol  
 Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Toluene ; Ethyl acetate ; Carbon black ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) ; Ethylbenzene ; propan-2-ol  
 CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Toluene ; Ethyl acetate ; Carbon black ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) ; Ethylbenzene ; propan-2-ol  
 CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Non-applicable  
 NTP (National Toxicology Program): Non-applicable  
 Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Toluene ; Ethyl acetate ; Carbon black ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) ; Ethylbenzene ; propan-2-ol  
 Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: dimethyl ether ; N-butyl acetate ; Xylene ; Toluene ; Ethyl acetate ; Carbon black ; Titanium dioxide (aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm) ; Ethylbenzene ; propan-2-ol  
 OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Non-applicable  
 Hazardous substances release notification under CERCLA sections 102-103 (40 CFR Part 302): N-butyl acetate (5000 pounds) ; Xylene (100 pounds) ; Toluene (1000 pounds) ; Ethyl acetate (5000 pounds) ; Ethylbenzene (1000 pounds)

**Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:**

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

**Other legislation:**

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

**Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

**Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:**

- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H315: Causes skin irritation
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)
- H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H351: Suspected of causing cancer
- H222: Extremely flammable aerosol
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation

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**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)**

**Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:**

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

**29 CFR 1910.1200:**

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled  
Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled  
Acute Tox. 5: H303 - May be harmful if swallowed  
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer  
Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer (Inhalation)  
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation  
Flam. Gas 1A: H220 - Extremely flammable gas  
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour  
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour  
Press. Gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated  
Repr. 2: H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child  
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation  
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)  
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation  
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

**Advice related to training:**

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

**Principal bibliographical sources:**

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

**Abbreviations and acronyms:**

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
IATA: International Air Transport Association  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
CL50: Lethal Concentration 50  
EC50: Effective concentration 50  
Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient  
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

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END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET