Date of compilation: 10/11/2015

[] Industrial [X] Profesional [X] Consumo



1.3

MTN KRINK Code: AX17K0902



Version: 1 Date of compilation: 10/11/2015 Date of printing: 10/11/2015

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: MTN KRINK Code: AX17K0902

RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES AND USES ADVISED AGAINST: 1.2

Intended uses (main technical functions):

Paint.

Ises advised against

This product is not recommended for any use or sector of use industrial, professional or consume other than those previously listed as 'Intended or identified uses'. If your use is not covered, please contact the supplier of this material safety data sheet. Restrictions on manufacture, placing on market and use, according to Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET: IONTANA COLORS, S.L.

Pol. Ind. Plà de les Vives - c/An aïs Nin 6 - E-08295 Sant Vicenç de Castellet (Barcelona)

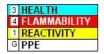
Phone: +34 93 8332760 - Fax: +34 93 8332761 E-mail address of the person responsible for the safety data sheet:

e-mail: msds@montanacolors.com

1.4 **EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:** Call CHEMTREC Day or Night, Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 **HMIS HAZARD RATINGS:**



- (3) Serious chronical health hazard
- (4) Very high flammability hazard
- Low physicochemical hazard
- (G) Safety glasses, gloves and vapor respirator

Note: HMIS Hazard Ratings involve data and interpretations that may vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identificacion of the magnitude of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of the material, all the information contained in this MSDS must be considered.

2.2 **LABEL ELEMENTS:**



This product is labelled with the signal word DANGER

H222

Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H229 H373i

Extremely flammable aerosol.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eve irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements: P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read label before use

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P271-P260d Utilizar únicamente en exteriores o en un lugar bien ventilado. No respirar el aerosol.

P303+P361+P353-P352 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash with plenty of

soap and water.

P304+P340-P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or

doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. P410+P412

P501a

<u>upplementary statements:</u>

EUH208

lazardous ingredients Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Ethylbenzene

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 oC/122oF.

Dispose of contents/container in a safe way.

Contains polyhydroxyalkylamides, 2-butanone-oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 OTHER HAZARDS

Hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the mixture:

Other physicochemical hazards: Vapours may form with air a mixture potencially flammable or explosive.

Other adverse human health effects: Prolonged exposure to vapours may produce transient drowsiness.

Other negative environmental effects: # Does not contain substances that fulfill the PBT/vPvB criteria.





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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCES:

Not applicable (mixture).

3.2

MIXTURES: This product is a mixture.

Chemical description: Aerosol.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:
Substances taking part in a percentage higher than the exemption limit:

15 < 20 %	Butane CAS: 106-97-8 , EC: 203-448-7 CLP: Danger: Flam. Gas 1:H220 Press. Gas.:H280	Index No. 601-004-00-0 < CLP00
15 < 20 % (3) (1)	Xylene (mixture of isomers) CAS: 1330-20-7, EC: 215-535-7 REACH: 01-2119488216-32 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 Acute Tox. (skin) 4:H312 Skin Irrit. 2:H315 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (irrit.) 3:H335 STOT RE 2:H373i Asp. Tox. 1:H304	Index No. 601-022-00-9 < REACH
5 < 10 %	Propane CAS: 74-98-6 , EC: 200-827-9 CLP: Danger: Flam. Gas 1:H220 Press. Gas:H280	Index No. 601-003-00-5 < CLP00
5 < 10 %	Isobutane CAS: 75-28-5 , EC: 200-857-2 CLP: Danger: Flam. Gas 1:H220 Press. Gas.:H280	Index No. 601-004-00-0 < CLP00
5 < 10 %	Acetone CAS: 67-64-1 , EC: 200-662-2 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 Eye Irrit. 2:H319 STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 EUH066	Index No. 606-001-00-8 < REACH / ATP01
2,5 < 5 %	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6, EC: 203-603-9 CLP: Warning: Flam. Liq. 3:H226	Index No. 607-195-00-7 < REACH / ATP01
1 < 3 %	Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4, EC: 202-849-4 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 2:H225 Acute Tox. (inh.) 4:H332 STOT RE 2:H373iE Asp. Tox. 1:H304 Aquatic Chronic 3:H412	Index No. 601-023-00-4 < REACH
1 < 2 %	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics (CAS: 64742-48-9) , List No. 918-317-6 REACH: 01-2119474196-32 CLP: Danger: Asp. Tox 1:H304 EUH066	Autoclassified < REACH
< 0,5 %	Polyhydroxyalkylamides EC: 430-050-2 REACH: 01-0000017633-70 CLP: Warning: Skin Sens. 1:H317 Aquatic Chronic 2:H411	Index No. 616-127-00-5 < REACH / CLP00
< 0,20 %	2-butanone-oxime CAS: 96-29-7 , EC: 202-496-6 CLP: Danger: Acute Tox. (skin) 4: H312 Eye Dam. 1:H318 Skin Sens. 1:H317 Carc. 2:H351	Index No. 616-014-00-0 < REACH / CLP00

<u>Impurities:</u>
Does not contain other components of impurities which will influence the classification of the profuct.

Reference to other sections:
For more information on hazardous ingredients, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.





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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 4.2

DESCRIPTION OF FIRST-AID MEASURES AND MAIN SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED:



Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Lifeguarders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective equipment if there is a possibility of exposure. Wear protective gloves when administering first aid.

Route of exposure	Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measures
Inhalation:	Inhalation of solvent vapours may produce headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, unconsciousness.	Remove the patient out of the contaminated area into the fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stops, administer artificial respiration. If the person is unconscious, place in appropriate recovery position. Keep the patient warm and at rest until medical attention arrives.
Skin:	Skin contact causes redness. In case of prolonged contact, the skin may become dry.	Remove immediately contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin deanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
Eyes:	Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain.	Remove contact lenses. Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, until the irritation is reduced. Call a physician immediately.
Ingestion:	If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat, abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show container or label. Do not induce vomiting. Keep the patient at rest.

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

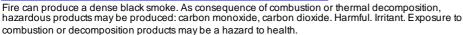
Notes to physician: Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Antidotes and contraindications: Specific antidote not known.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

Extinguishing powder or CO2. In the case of more important fires, also alcohol resistant foam and water spray/mist. Do not use for extinguishing: direct water jet. Direct water jet may not be effective to extinguish the fire, since the fire may spread.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:





ANSI/NFPA 704: Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Reactivity: 0 Special key: -

5.3 **ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS:**

Special protective equipment: Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or not used, combat fire from a sheltered position or at a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. Other recommendations: Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or co allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses. Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid dire a contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opossition to the wind direction.

6.2 **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc..). Avoid use of solvents. Keep the remains in a closed container.

6.4 REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS:

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1.

For information on safe handling, see section 7.

For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.





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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work.

Avoid any type of leakage or escape.

ecommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks:

Pressurised container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a

naked flame or any incandescent material. Do not smoke.

Flash point Autoignition temperature

422. °C 9.1 % Volume 25°C - Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits 18 - 91

Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks:

Avoid applying the product directly to people, animals, plants or foodstuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke in application and drying areas. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination:

It is not considered a danger to the environment. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Prevent unauthorized access. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in

storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Avoid extreme humidity conditions. For more information, see section 10.

According to current legislation. Class of store

24. months Maximum storage period

Temperature interval min: 5. °C, max: 50. °C (recommended). Incompatible material

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

According to current legislation.

<u>Limit quantity (Seveso III):</u> Directive 96/82/EC~2003/105/EC: Lower threshold: 50 tons, Upper threshold: 200 tons

7.3

<u>SPECIFIC END USES:</u>
For the use of this product do not exist particular recommendations apart from that already indicated.





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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS:

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assesing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (TLV)

AGCIH 2013	<u>Year</u>	TLV-TWA		TLV-STEL		Observations
Dutana	2004	ppm 1000.	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
Butane	2004	1000.	434.	150.	- 651.	A4
Xylene (mixture of isomers) Propane	1996 2004	100.	434.	150.	651.	A4
Isobutane	2004	1000.	-			
Acetone	1997	500.	1188.	750.	1782.	A4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1001	50.	275.	100.	550.	Vd
						Recommended
Ethylbenzene	2002	100.	434.	125.	543.	A3

TLV - Threshold Limit Value, TWA - Time Weighted Average, STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

Vd - Dermal.

A3 - Carcinogenic in animals.

A4 - Non classified as carcinogenic in humans.

<u>Dermal (Vd):</u> Means that, in exposures to this substance, the contribution by the cutaneous route, including the mucous membranes and eyes, may result significant for the overall body content if no measures are taken to prevent absorption. There are some chenicals for which dermal absorption, both in liquid and vapour phases, can be very high, and this route of entry may be or equal or greater importance even that inhalation pathway. In these situations, the use of a biological control is essential in order to quantify the overall amount of contaminant absorbed.

BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:

No establecido

DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL):

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from a occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH.

Derived no-effect level, workers: - Systemic effects, acute and chronic: Xylene (mixture of isomers) Acetone 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%) Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 289. (a) - (a) - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a) - (a) - (a)	77.0 (c) 1210. (c) 275. (c) 77.0 (c) s/r (c) - (c) 9.00 (c)	DNEL Cutanet mg/kg bw/d s/r (a) - (a) - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a) - (a) 2.50 (a)	180. (c) 186. (c) 154. (c) 180. (c) s/r (c) - (c) 1.30 (c)	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a)	- (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (o)
Derived no-effect level, workers: - Local effects, acute and chronic: Xylene (mixture of isomers) Acetone 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%) Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 289. (a) 2420. (a) - (a) 293. (a) s/r (a) - (a) - (a) - (a)	s/r (c) - (c) - (c) s/r (c) s/r (c) - (c) 3.33 (c)	DNEL Cutane mg/cm2 s/r (a) - (a) - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a) - (a) - (a)	s/r (c) - (c) - (c) s/r (c) s/r (c) - (c) - (c)	DNEL Ojos mg/cm2 - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a)	- (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c)
Derived no-effect level, general population: - Systemic effects, acute and chronic: Xylene (mixture of isomers) Acetone 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%) Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	DNEL Inhalatio mg/m3 174. (a) - (a) - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a) - (a) - (a)	14.8 (c) 200. (c) 33.0 (c) 15.0 (c) s/r (c) - (c) 2.70 (c)	DNEL Cutane mg/kg bw/d s/r (a) - (a) - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a) - (a) 1.50 (a)	108. (c) 62.0 (c) 54.8 (c) s/r (c) s/r (c) - (c) 0.780 (c)	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d s/r (a) - (a) - (a) s/r (a) - (a) - (a) - (a)	1.60 (c) 62.0 (c) 1.67 (c) 1.60 (c) s/r (c) - (c) - (c)

(a) - Acute, short-term exposure, (c) - Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure.

(-) - DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).

s/r - DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of compilation: 10/11/2015 In accordance with the requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29CFR 1910.1200



MTN KRINK Code: AX17K0902



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Derived I - Local & Xylene (I Acetone 2-metho: Ethylben Hydrocai	xy-1-methylethyl acetate Izene rbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%)	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 174. (a) - (a) - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a)	s/r (c) - (c) - (c) s/r (c) s/r (c)	DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2 s/r (a) - (a) - (a) s/r (a) s/r (a)		DNEL Ojos mg/cm2 - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a) - (a)	- (c) - (c) - (c) - (c) - (c)
Polyhydr	roxyalkylamides one-oxime	- (a)	- (c) 2.00 (c)	- (a) - (a)	- (c) - (c)	- (a) - (a)	- (c) - (c)

- (a) Acute, short-term exposure, (c) Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure. (-) DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH). s/r DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).

PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):

Predicted no-effect concentration, aquatic organisms: - Fresh water, marine water and intermitent release: Xylene (mixture of isomers) Acetone 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%) Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	PNEC Fresh water mg/l 0.327 10.6 0.635 0.100 uvcb - 0.256	PNEC Marine mg/l 0.327 1.06 0.0635 0.0100 uvcb	PNEC Intermitente mg/l 0.327 21.0 6.35 0.100 uvcb - 0.118
- Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and marine water: Xylene (mixture of isomers) Acetone 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%) Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	PNEC STP mg/l 6.58 100. 100. 9.60 uvcb - 117.	PNEC Sediments mg/kg dry weight 12.5 30.4 3.29 13.7 uvcb	PNEC Sediments mg/kg dry weight 12.5 3.04 0.329 1.37 uvcb -
Predicted no-effect concentration, terrestrial organisms: - Air, soil and efects for predators and humans: Xylene (mixture of isomers) Acetone 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%) Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	PNEC Aire mg/m3	PNEC Soil mg/kg dry weight 2.31 29.5 0.290 2.68 uvcb -	PNEC Oral mg/kg bw/d - n/b - 20.0 uvcb

(-) - PNEC not available (without data of registration REACH).

n/b - PNEC not derived (not bioaccumulative potential).
uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is not possible to identify a single PNEC representative for these substances, and therefore not used in calculations for risk assessment.





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8.2 **EXPOSURE CONTROLS:**

ENGINEERING MEASURES:





Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and vapours below the Occupational Exposure Limits, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Protection of respiratory system: Avoid the inhalation of vapours.

Protection of eyes and face: It is recommended to dispose of water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.

Protection of hands and skin: It is recommended to dispose of water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin. Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

OCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Directive 89/686/EEC~96/58/EC:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding EC marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, CEN norm, etc..), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.

Mask:	Suitable combined filter mask for gases, vapours and particles (OSHA 29CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2). Classe 1: low capacity up to 1000 ppm, Classe 2: medium capacity up to 5000 ppm, Classe 3: high capacity up to 10000 ppm. In order to obtain a suitable protection level, the filter class must be selected depending on the type and concentration of the contaminating agents present, in accordance with the specifications supplied by the filter producers. The respiratory equipment with filters does not work satisfactorily when the air contains high concentrations of vapour or oxygen content less than 18% in volume.
Goggles:	Safety goggles with suitable lateral protection (OSHA 29CFR 1910.133). Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.
Face shield:	No.
Gloves:	Gloves resistant against chemicals (OSHA 29CFR 1910.132). There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard OSHA 29CFR 1910.132. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, we must have in mind the manual of instructions from manufacturers of gloves. Use the proper technique of removing gloves (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid contact of the product with the skin. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation is noted.
Boots:	No.
Apron:	No.
Clothing:	Advisable.

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

Spills on the soil: Prevent contamination of soil.

Spills in water: Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses.

Emissions to the atmosphere: Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. When possible, avoid solvent

release to the atmosphere; do not pulverize more than is strictly necessary.

VOC 617.2 g/l (-H2O-es) **ASTM D-3960**





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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Physical state

- Odour

Odour threshold

pH-value pН

Change of state

Melting point

Density Vapour density

Densidad relativa

Stability

Decomposition temperature Viscosity: Viscosity

Volatility: - Evaporation rate - Vapour pressure Solubility(ies)

Solubility in oils and fats:

Flammability:

Flash point

- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Autoignition temperature

Explosive properties:

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source.

Not classified as oxidizing product.

9.2 **OTHER INFORMATION:**

Heat of combustion 8039. Kcal/kg 33.1 % Weight 66.9 % Weight - Solids - VOC (supply)

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the technical data sheet of the same. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12.

Aerosol.

Characteristic.

Not applicable

Not available

Not available

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not available

Not available (mixture).

Not applicable (mixture).

0.866 at 20/4°C

-82. °C 1.8 - 9.1 % Volume 25°C 422. °C

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 **REACTIVITY:** Corrosivity to metals: It is not corrosive to metals.

10.2 **CHEMICAL STABILITY:**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:

Pyrophorical properties: It is not pyrophoric.

Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis, amines, peroxides.

10.4 CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Heat: Keep away from sources of heat.

Light Avoid direct contact with sunlight.

Air: Not applicable.

Humidity: Avoid extreme humidity conditions.

Pressure: Not applicable.

Shock: Not applicable.

10.5 NCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

10.6 **HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:**

As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide.





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SECTION 11: TOXIC OLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental toxicological data on the preparation is available.

11.1 <u>INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:</u>

ACUTE TOXICITY:

Dose and lethal concentrations for individual ingredients: Butane Xylene (mixture of isomers) Acetone 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%) Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	DL50 (OECD 401) mg/kg oral 4300. Rat 5800. Rat 8532. Rat 3500. Rat > 5000. Rat > 5000. Rat 2400. Rat	DL50 (OECD 402) mg/kg cutaneous 1700. Rabbit 15800. Rabbit > 5000. Rat 15400. Rabbit 3160. Rabbit > 2000. Rat 1840. Rabbit	CL50 (OECD 403) mg/m3.4h inhalation > 100000 Rat > 22080. Rat > 76000. Rat > 35700. Rat > 17400. Rat > 4830. Rat
No observed adverse effect level 2-butanone-oxime	NOAEL Oral mg/kg bw/d 125. Rat	NOAEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	NOAEC Inhalation mg/m3 90. Rat
Lowest observed adverse effect level 2-butanone-oxime	LOAEL Oral mg/kg bw/d 40. Rat	LOAEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d	LOAEC Inhalation mg/m3

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EX POS URE : Acute toxicity:

Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed
Inhalation: Not classified	ETA > 20000 mg/m3	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Skin: Not classified	ETA > 2000 mg/kg	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Eyes: Not classified	Not available	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).
Ingestion: Not classified	ETA > 5000 mg/kg	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

CORROSION / IRRITATION / SENSITISATION :

OCTATO COOTTY HATAIN THORY OLIVE	1110/111011 .		
Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed
Respiratory corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Skin	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Eyes	Cat.2	IRRITANT: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Skin sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

· Contains polyhydroxyalkylamides, 2-butanone-oxime. May produce an allergic reaction.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed
Aspiration hazard: Not classified	-	-	Not applicable.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY	(STOT) · Single evacuum (SE) and/or Pop pated exposure (PE):
SPECIFIC IARGET ORGANS TOXICITY	(O IO I). Silligle exposule (OL) and/or Nep eated exposure (IVL).

	Effects	SE/RE	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed
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CMR EFFECTS:

Carcinogenic effects: Is not considered as a carcinogen Genotoxicity: Is not considered as a mutagenic product. Is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Toxicity for reproduction: Do not harm fertility. Do not harm the fetus developping. Effects via lactation: Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE:

Routes of exposure: May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

Short-term exposure: Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat, other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours. Harmful by inhalation. Harmful in contact with skin.

Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact <u>Long-term or repeated exposure:</u> Repeat dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

INTERACTIVE EFFECTS:

Not available.

INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINE TICS, METABOLISMAND DISTRIBUTION:

Dermal absorption

Este preparado contiene las siguientes sustancias para las cuales la absorción por vía dérmica puede ser muy elevada: 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate.

Basic toxicokinetics: Not available.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Not available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available.

12.1	TOXIC	ITY:

Acute toxicity in aquatic environment for individual ingredients: Xylene (mixture of isomers) Acetone 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%) Polyhydroxyalkylamides 2-butanone-oxime	CL50 (OECD 203) mg/l.96hours 14. Fishes 5540. Fishes 134. Fishes 12. Fishes > 1000. Fishes > 1000. Fishes 843. Fishes	CE50 (OECD 202) mg/l.48hour s 16. Daphnia 12100. Daphnia 408. Daphnia 1.8 Daphnia > 1000. Daphnia 16. Daphnia 750. Daphnia	CE50 (OECD 201) mg/l.72hours > 10. Algae > 1000. Algae 33. Algae > 1000. Algae 4.1 Algae 83. Algae
No observed effect concentration 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%) 2-butanone-oxime	NOEC (OECD 210) mg/l.28days 0.088 Fishes 50. Fishes	NOEC (OECD 211) mg/l.21days > 100. Daphnia 0.025 Daphnia > 100. Daphnia	

owest observed effect concentration

Not available

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:

Not available.

Biodegradación aeróbica for individual ingredients :	DQO mgO2/g	%DBO/DQO 5 days 14 days 28 days	Biodegradabilidad
Butane	3577.		Fácil
Xylene (mixture of isomers) Propane	2620. 3629.	~ 52. ~ 81. ~ 88.	Fácil Fácil
Isobutane	3577.		Not available
Acetone 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1920. 1520.	~ 91. ~ 22. ~ 78. ~ 90.	Fácil Fácil
Ethylbenzene Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%)	3164.	~ 30. ~ 68. ~ 79.	Fácil
Polyhydroxyalkylamides	~ 3500.	~ 16. ~ 53. ~ 90. 72.	Fácil Fácil
2-butanone-oxime		1	Inherente

12.3 **BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:**

<u>Bioaccumulation</u>	logPow	BCF		<u>Potencia</u> l
for individual ingredients :		L/kg		
Butane	0.40			No bioaccumulable
Xylene (mixture of isomers)	3.16	57.	(calculated)	Low
Propane Isobutane	2.36			Not available Not available
Acetone	-0.240	3.2	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.560	3.2	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable
Ethylbenzene	3.15	56.	(calculated)	Low
Hydrocarbons C10-C13 aliphatics (aromatics<2%) Polyhydroxyalkylamides	5.65	> 100.	(calculated)	Low No bioaccumulable
2-butanone-oxime	0.590	3.2	(calculated)	No bioaccumulable

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MOBILITY IN SOIL: 12.4

Not available.

RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT: Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006: Does not contain substances that fulfill the PBT/vPvB criteria. 12.5

12.6 OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

Ozone depletion potential: Not available.

Photochemical ozone creation potential: Not available.

Earth global warming potential: In case of fire or incineration liberates CO2. Endocrine disrupting potential: Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS: Directive 2008/98/EC:

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose of at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed of in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Disposal of empty containers: Directive 94/62/EC~2005/20/EC, Decision 2000/532/EC: Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed of in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification, in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself. Ensure the container is completely empty before throwing it away.

Procedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

In accordance with local regulations. Do not incinerarate closed containers.





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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN NUMBER: 1950 14.1

14.2 **UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:**

AEROSOLS

TRANSPORT HAZARD CLASS(ES) AND PACKING GROUP: 14.3 14.4

Transport by road (ADR 2015) and Transport by rail (RID 2015):

- Class: 2 - Packaging group: Classification code: 5F Tunnel restriction code: (D)

Transport category: 2, max. ADR 1.1.3.6. 333 L

LQ2 (see total exemptions ADR 3.4) - Limited quantities:

Transport document: Consignment paper. ADR 5.4.3.4

- Instructions in writing:

Transport by sea (IMDG 36-12):

- Class 2 - Packaging group: Emergency Sheet (EmS): F-D,S-U First Aid Guide (MFAG): 620 - Marine pollutant: Nο

- Transport document: Shipping Bill of lading.

Transport by air (ICAO/IATA 2014):

2 - Class:

Packaging group:Transport document: Air Bill of lading.

Transport by inland waterways (ADN):

Not available.

14.5 **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Not applicable (not classified as hazardous for the environment).

14.6 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER:

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in case of accident or spill. Always transport in closed containers that are in a vertical position and sure. Ensure adequate ventilation.

14.7 TRANSPORT IN BULK ACCORDING TO ANNEX II OF MARPOL 73/78 AND THE IBC CODE: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 **USA REGULATIONS:**

pational Safety and Health Act (OSHA):

This product is considered to be hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

· 112(r) Hazardous air pollutants (HAP) (40CFR 68):

Butane: Threshold quantity (TQ): 10000 lbs. Propane: Threshold quantity (TQ): 10000 lbs. Isobutane: Threshold quantity (TQ): 10000 lbs.

The TQ applies to the quantity of substance in an release process, not at the facility as a whole.

- Clean Water Act:

307 Hazardous water priority pollutants (HWPP):

Ethylbenzene

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA):

This product contains the following Hazardous Substances for Emergency release notification (40CFR 302):

Xylene (mixture of isomers): Reportable quantity (RQ): 100 lbs.

Acetone: Reportable quantity (RQ): 5000 lbs.

Ethylbenzene: Reportable quantity (RQ): 1000 lbs.

Releases of CERCLA hazardous substances, in quantities equal to or greater than their reportable quantity (RQ). are subject to reporting to the National Response Center under CERCLA. Such releases are also subject to state and local reporting under section 304 of Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA), also known as SARA Title III.

uperfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA Title III):

· 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS) for Emergency release notification (40CFR 355): No.

313 Reportable Ingredients (40CFR 372):

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Ethylbenzene · 311/312 Hazard Categories (40CFR 370): Yes.

Substance Control Act (TS CA

All chemical substances in this product comply with all applicable rules or order under TSCA.

Califormia Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic EnforcementAct of 1986)

This product contains the followins chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer:

Ethylbenzene: Cancer

OTHER REGULATIONS: Not available

CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT: 15.2

For this mixture has not been carried out a chemical safety assessment.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

In accordance with the requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29CFR 1910.1200



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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

TEXT OF THE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3:

zard statements according the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008~487/2013 (CLP), Anexo III:

H220 Extremely flammable gas. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H280 Contains gas under pressure: may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. H373iE May cause damage to hearing organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

ADVICES ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of material safety data sheets and labelling of products as well.

MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:

- · European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/
- Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/
 Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2013).
- · European agreement on the international carriage of dangerous goods by road, (ADR 2015).
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code IMDG including Amendment 36-12 (IMO, 2012).

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRON YMS: List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this material safety data sheet:

- REACH: Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals. DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive.
- · DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations.
- CLP: European regularion on Classificatin, Labelling amd Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures.
- · EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances.
- · CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).
- · UVCB: Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials).
- SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
 PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances.
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable substances.
- VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds.
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
- LD50: Letal dose, 50 percent.
 LC50: Letal concentration, 50 percent.
- UN: United Nations Organisation.
- ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road.
- RID: Regulations concerning the international transport of dangeous goods by rail.
- IMDG: International Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET REGULATIONS:

Material Safety Data Sheet in accordance with the requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29CFR 1910.1200.

HISTORY: Version: 1 Date of compilation: 10/11/2015

The information of this Material Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users' working conditions are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product's properties.